

Strain-rate

$$\frac{d}{dt}(d\vec{x}) = d\left(\frac{d\vec{x}}{dt}\right) = d\vec{v}$$

$$\vec{v} = \vec{v}(\vec{x}_1, \vec{x}_2, \vec{x}_3, t)$$

$$F = I + (\nabla u)^T$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial X} = \frac{\partial u}{\partial X} + \frac{\partial X}{\partial X}$$

$$(\nabla u)^T + \Delta$$

$$dv_i = \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j} dx_j$$

$L \rightarrow$  velocity gradient

Malvern  
Pg. 146

$$\frac{d}{dt} F_{ij} = \frac{d}{dt} \frac{\partial x_i}{\partial X_j}$$

$$\dot{F} F^{-1} = \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial X_j}{\partial x_k}}_{F^{-1}} = \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_k} = L = \dot{F} F^{-1}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [(ds)^2 - (d\vec{r})^2] = \underbrace{d\vec{x}^T (2E) d\vec{x}}_{\frac{d}{dt} [d\vec{x}^T d\vec{x} - d\vec{x}^T d\vec{x}]} = d\vec{x}^T \underbrace{(F^T F - I)}_{2\bar{E}} d\vec{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} (ds)^2 &= \frac{d}{dt} (d\vec{x}^T d\vec{x}) \\ &= d\left(\frac{d\vec{x}^T}{dt}\right) d\vec{x} + d\vec{x}^T d\left(\frac{d\vec{x}}{dt}\right) \\ &= d\vec{v}^T d\vec{x} + d\vec{x}^T d\vec{v} \\ &= (L d\vec{x})^T d\vec{x} + d\vec{x}^T (L d\vec{x}) \\ &= d\vec{x}^T L^T d\vec{x} + d\vec{x}^T L d\vec{x} \\ &= d\vec{x}^T \underbrace{(L^T + L)}_{2D} d\vec{x} \end{aligned}$$

$D = \frac{1}{2} (L^T + L) \rightarrow$  rate-of-deformation tensor

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial x_i} \right) \quad \dot{\epsilon} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\partial \dot{u}_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial \dot{u}_j}{\partial x_i} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\partial v_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial v_j}{\partial x_i} \right)$$

$$\vec{x} = \vec{X} + \vec{u}$$

$$\left( \begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} (ds)^2 &= d\vec{x}^T \left( 2 \frac{dE}{dt} \right) d\vec{x} \\ \frac{d}{dt} (ds)^2 &= d\vec{x}^T (2D) d\vec{x} \\ &= (F d\vec{X})^T (2D) (F d\vec{X}) \\ &= d\vec{X}^T F^T (2D) F d\vec{X} \end{aligned} \right)$$

$$\boxed{d\vec{x} = F d\vec{X}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dE}{dt} = F^T D F}$$

→ rate-of-Green-strain

Eulerian strain-rate

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} (ds)^2 &= \frac{d}{dt} (d\vec{x}^T (2e) d\vec{x}) \\ &= 2 \left[ (L d\vec{x})^T e d\vec{x} + d\vec{x} \frac{d}{dt} e d\vec{x} + d\vec{x} e (L d\vec{x}) \right] \\ &= 2 d\vec{x} \underbrace{(L^T e + \dot{e} + e L)}_{2D} d\vec{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\dot{e} = D - L^T e - e L}$$

→ rate-of-Eulerian strain

## Stress (Heuristic argument)

$$P(t) = \frac{dw}{dt} = \int \vec{f} \cdot \frac{d\vec{x}}{dt} \left( \frac{dV}{dV} \right) \quad \vec{x} = \vec{x}(\vec{X}, t) \quad \text{"current" configuration}$$

$$= \int \underbrace{\frac{f_i}{A_j}}_{\sigma} \underbrace{\frac{dv_i}{dx_j}}_L dV$$

$$= \int \sigma : (D + W) dV$$

$$\sigma : D = \sigma_{ij} D_{ij}$$

$$\sigma : W = 0$$

$$P = \int \sigma : D dV$$

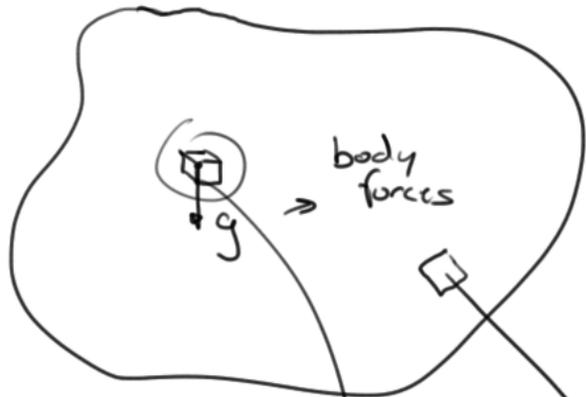
$$dV = A d\vec{x} = \underbrace{A_j dx_j}_{\text{circled}}$$

$$L = \text{symm.}(L) + \text{antisymm.}(L)$$

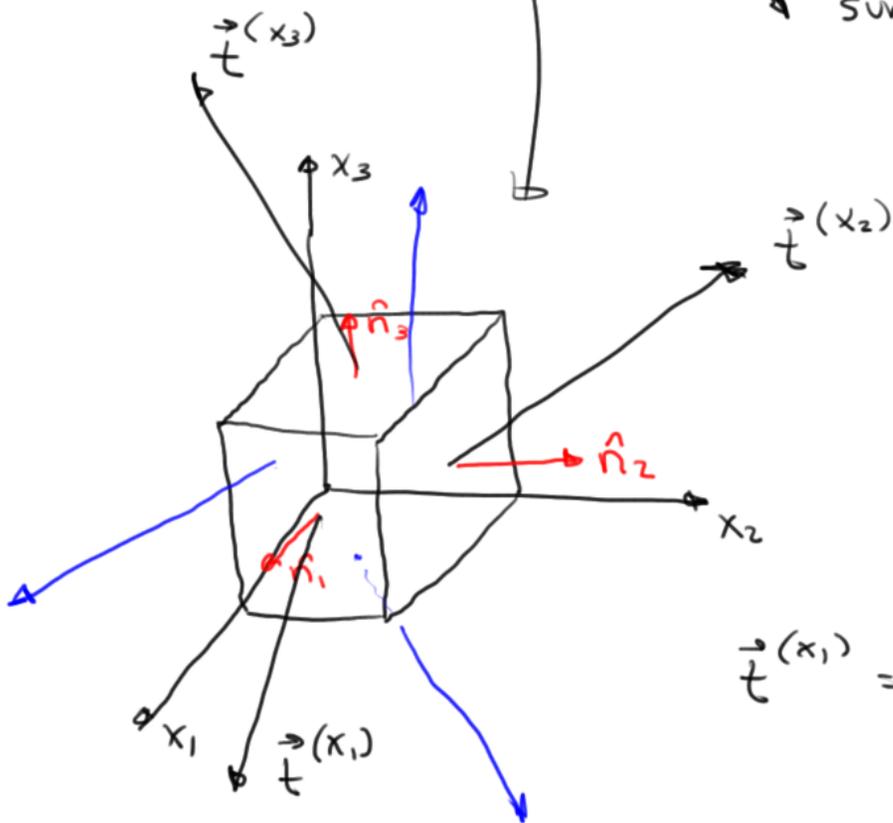
$$= \underbrace{\frac{1}{2}(L^T + L)}_D + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2}(L - L^T)}_W$$

$$= D + W$$

Work (Power) - conjugate



surface forces  $\rightarrow$  tractions  $\rightarrow$   $\frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$



$$\vec{t}^{(x_1)} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} t_1^{(x_1)} \\ t_2^{(x_1)} \\ t_3^{(x_1)} \end{array} \right\}$$